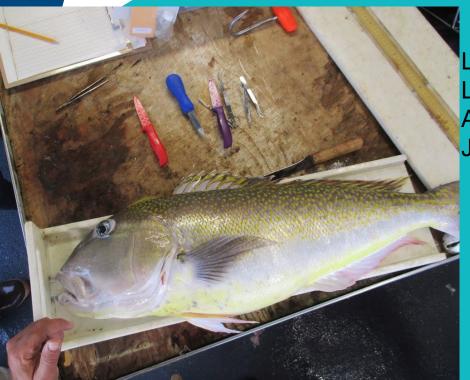


Management Track Assessment (Level 2) Golden Tilefish



Lead Scientist: Paul Nitschke

Last Assessed: 2017 Operational Assessment

ASAP

June 28, 2021

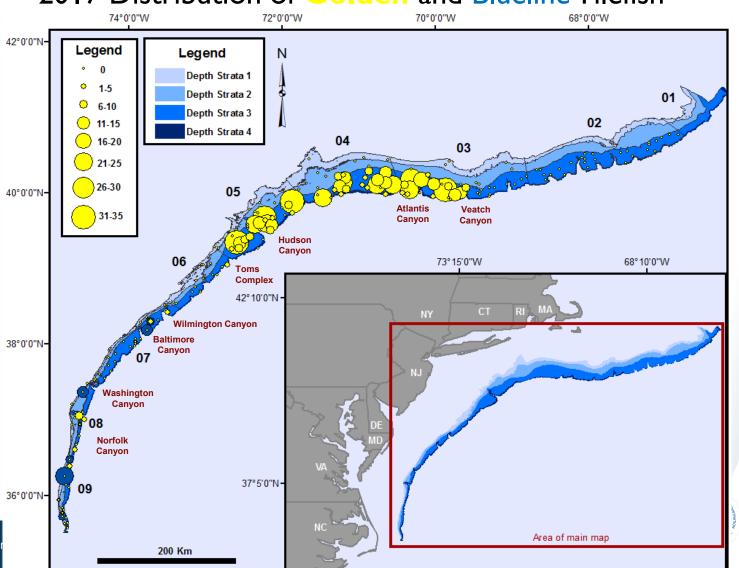
• Long-lived (40+ years) deep water.

Small directed longline fishery





2017 Distribution of Golden and Blueline Tilefish





Assessment Model - ASAP



- The first tilefish assessments (1999, 2005, 2008) were based on ASPIC.
- ASAP model was developed in SARC 58 (2014) using a pooled age-length-key.
- Last assessed in the 2017 Operational Assessment with the same pooled age-length-key.
- Update the pooled-age-length-key in this 2021 assessment and to move to year specific keys as production ageing continues.



SARC 58 n = 3,136

A Lot More Tilefish AGE Data

MT 2021 n = 13,467



Data Poor - ASAP



- Landings, commercial cpue, landings at length and age.
- Steve Turner's dissertation during the development of the directed fishery.
- No survey index, No recreational data used, No discard data used.
- Terminal year 2020
- Research Track in 2024



Data Poor - ASAP



year	lengths
2001	320
2002	1,332
2003	3,565
2004	3,386
2005	3,424
2006	5,767
2007	7,419
2008	5,800
2009	5,269
2010	11,350
2011	10,476
2012	7,443
2013	8,707
2014	8,738
2015	6,527
2016	8,667
2017	6,188
2018	5,678
2019	6,697
2020	3,967





Stock Status

- Not Overfishing and Not Overfished $F_{2020} = 0.160 (61\% \text{ of } F_{MSY})$ $F_{MSY} = 0.261$
- $SSB_{2020} = 10,562 \text{ mt } (96\% \text{ of } SSB_{MSY})$ $SSB_{MSY} = 10,995 \text{ mt } (90\% \text{ CI } 6,238 \text{ mt}$ - 16,438 mt)





BRPs (average fishing mortality 2002-2012, a period when the stock was rebuilding under constant quota = 905 mt)

```
2014 SARC 58 F_{MSY} = F_{25\%} = 0.37
2017 Operational Assessment F_{MSY} = F_{38\%} = 0.31
2021 Management Track F_{MSY} = F_{40\%} = 0.261
```

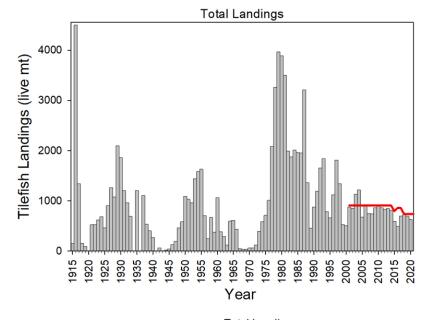
2014 SARC 58 $SSB_{MSY} = SSB_{25\%} = 5,153$ mt (Rebuilt in 2012) 2017 Operational Assessment $SSB_{MSY} = SSB_{38\%} = 9,420$ mt 2021 Management Track $SSB_{MSY} = SSB_{40\%} = 10,995$ mt (5 year mean weights)

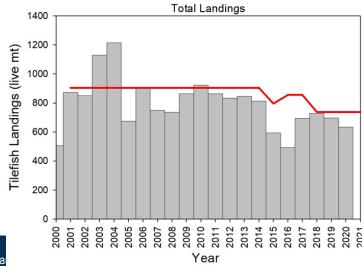
```
MSY_{25\%} = 1,029 \text{ mt}

MSY_{38\%} = 957 \text{ mt}

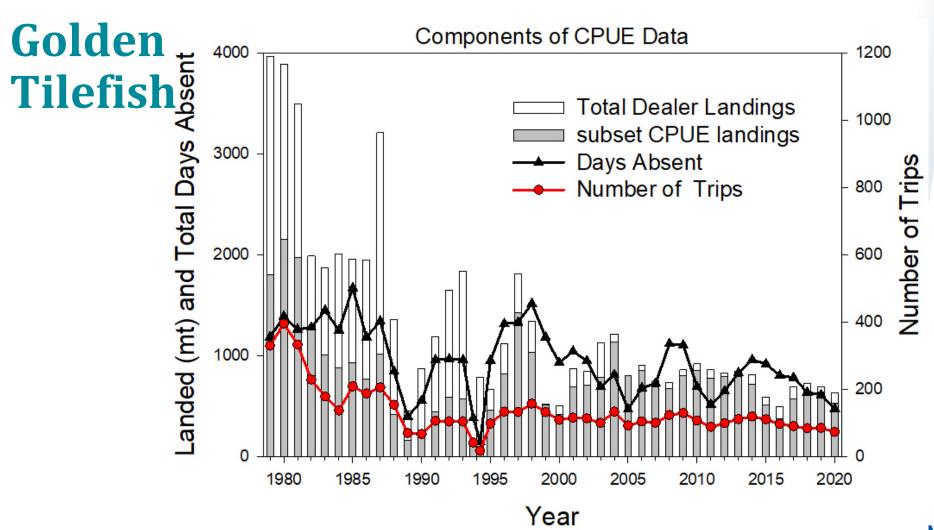
MSY_{40\%} = 935 \text{ mt}
```

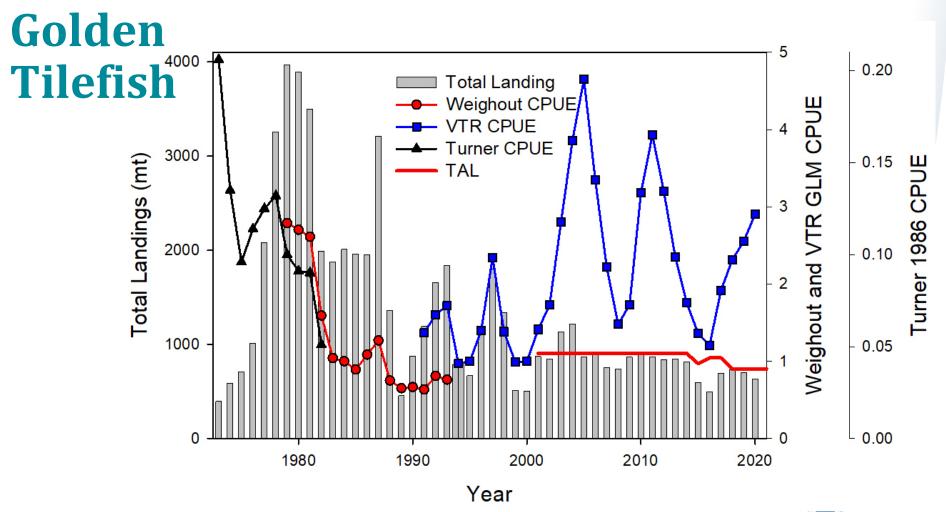






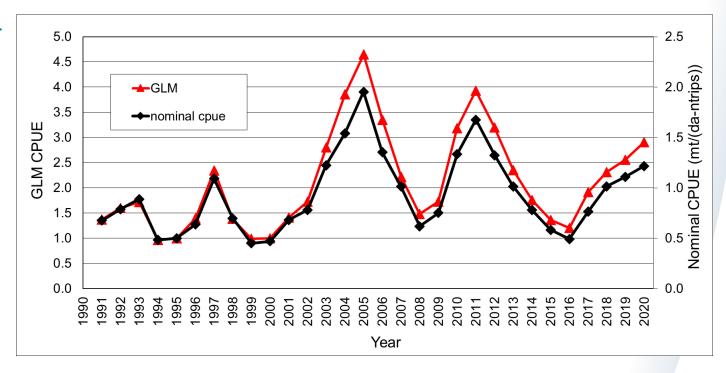




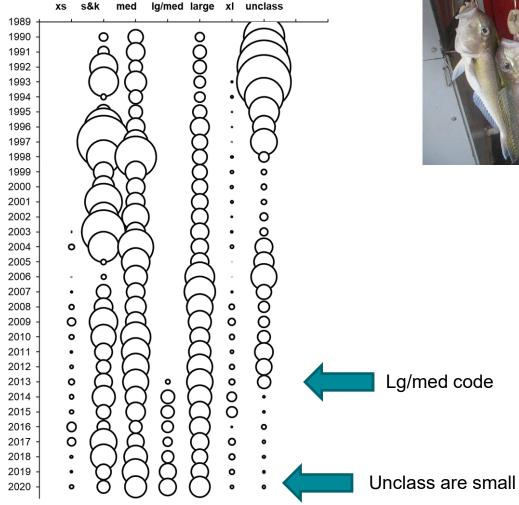




C P U F



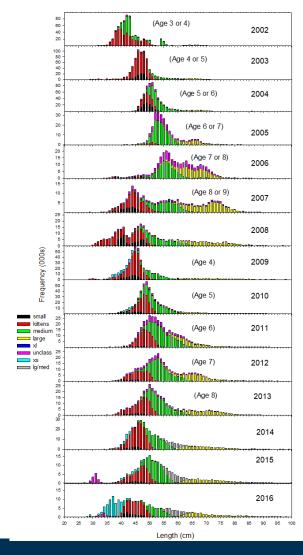




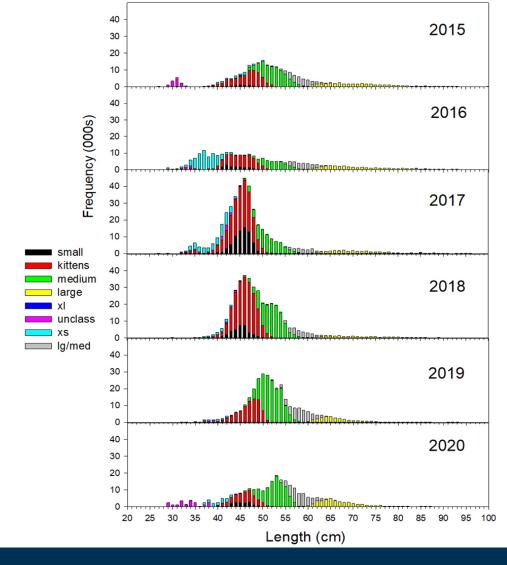


year	length
2001	320
2002	1,332
2003	3,565
2004	3,386
2005	3,424
2006	5,767
2007	7,419
2008	5,800
2009	5,269
2010	11,350
2011	10,476
2012	7,443
2013	8,707
2014	8,738
2015	6,527
2016	8,667
2017	6,188
2018	5,678
2019	6,697
2020	3,967
OMTA OU	Spr







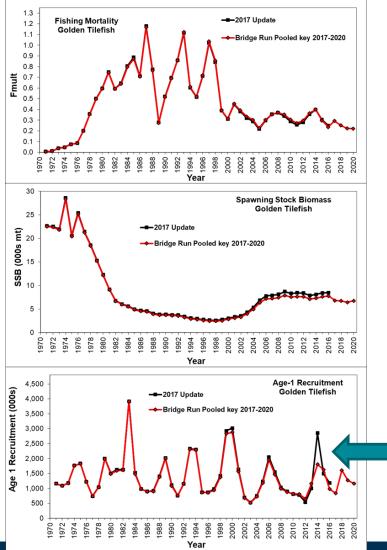






Bridge Run

updated pooled 2017-2020



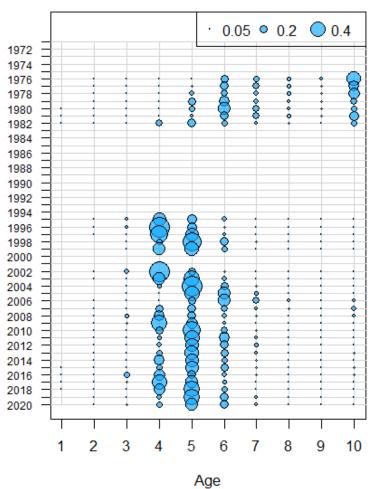


High uncertainty

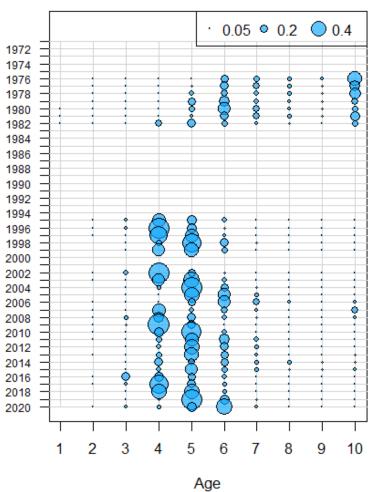


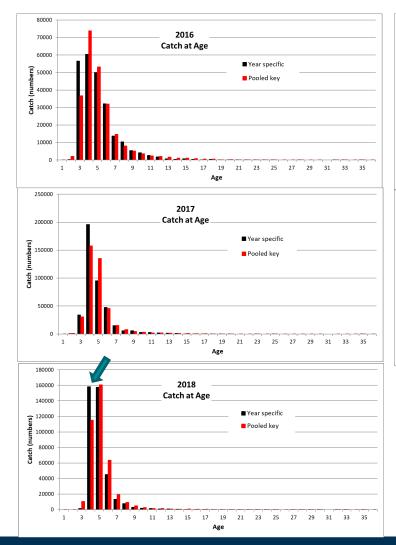
Pooled-key run 1

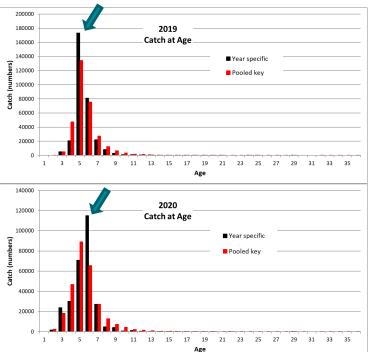
Age Comps for Catch by Fleet 1 (FLEET-1)



Year specific Key run 2 Age Comps for Catch by Fleet 1 (FLEET-1)

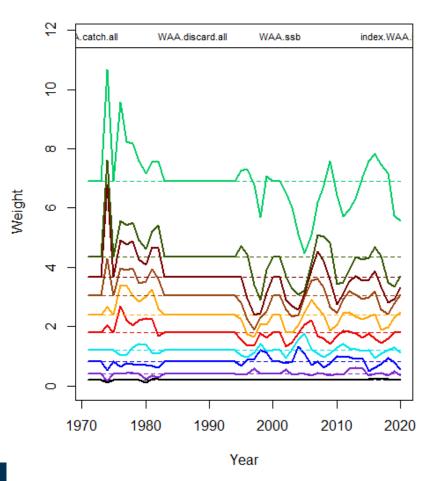




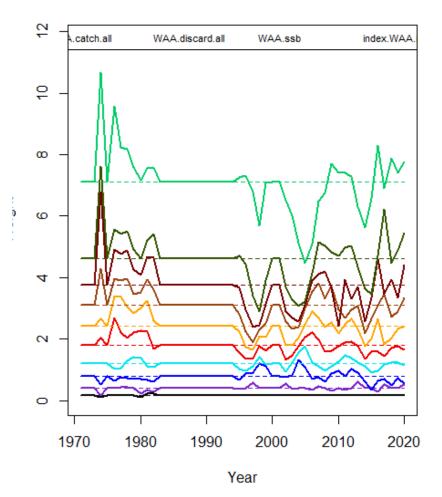




Pooled-key run 1 WAA matrix 1

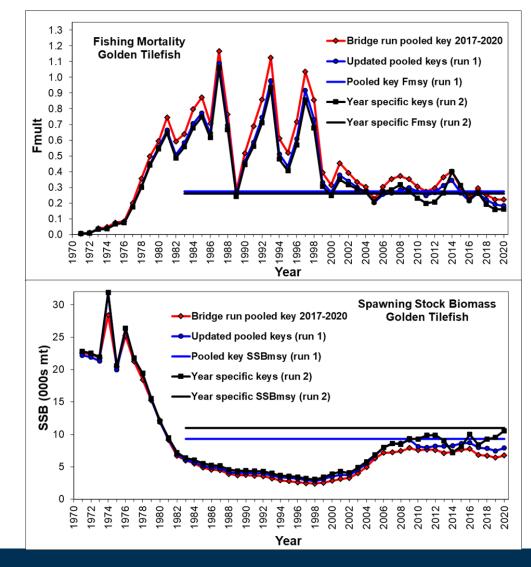


Year specific Key run 2 WAA matrix 1

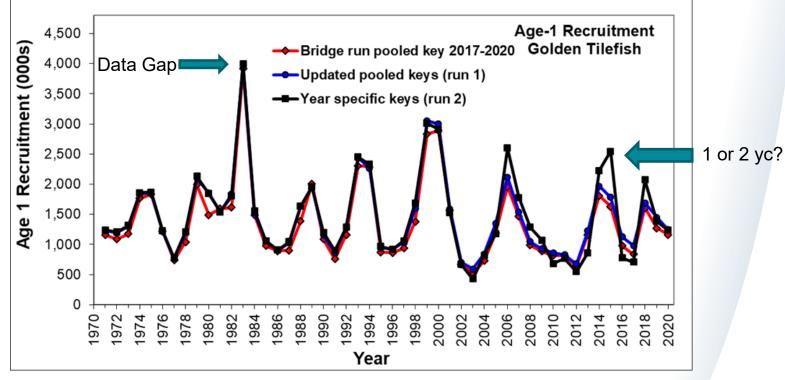




Age Data Years 2007, 2009 - 2012, and 2014 - 2020

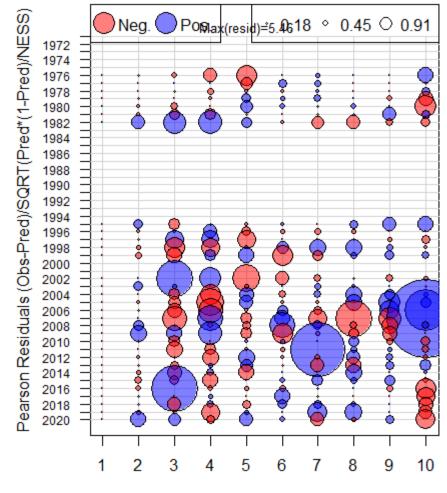






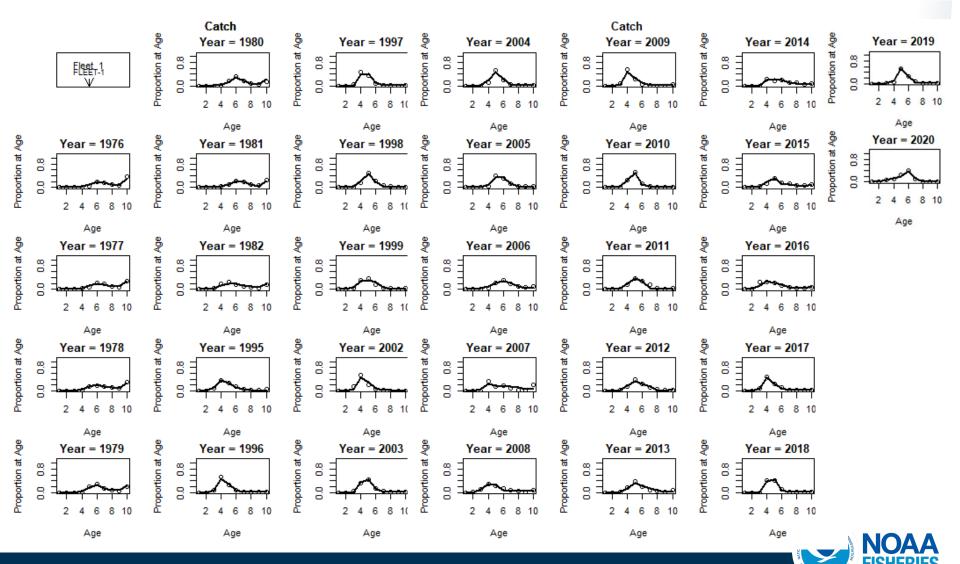


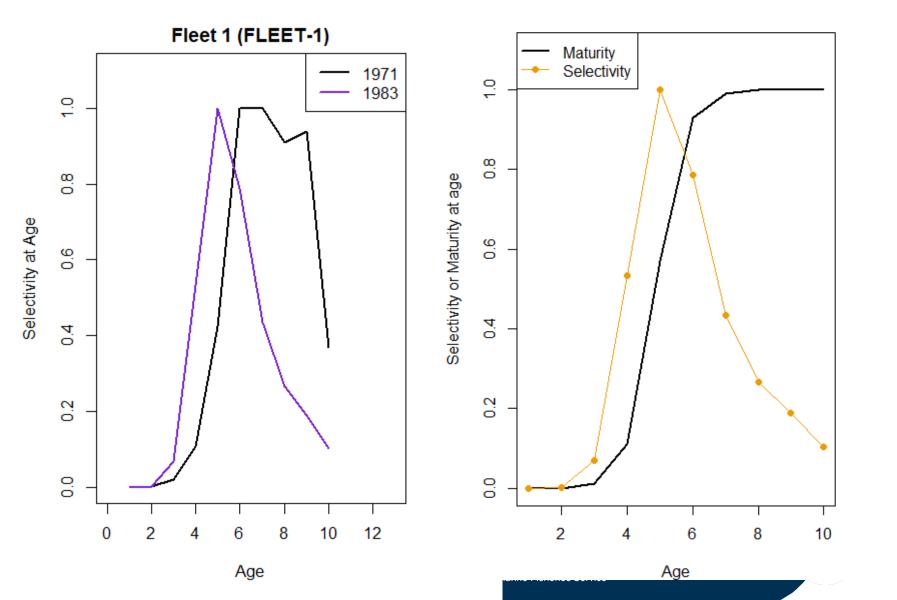
Age Comp Residuals for Catch by Fleet 1 (FLEET-1)



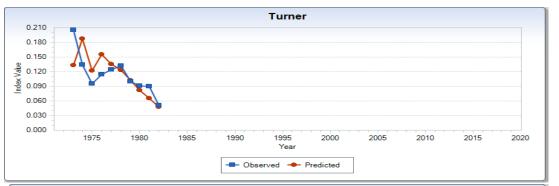
Age
Mean resid = 0.01 SD(resid) = 0.88





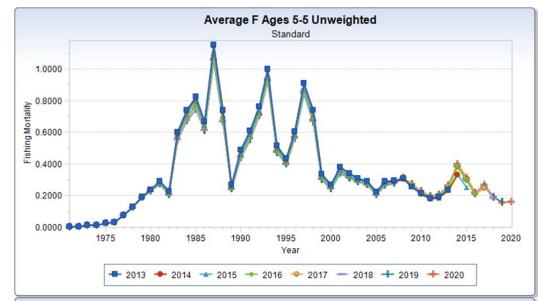


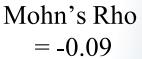
C P U E

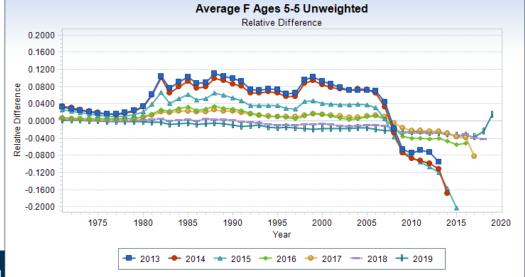




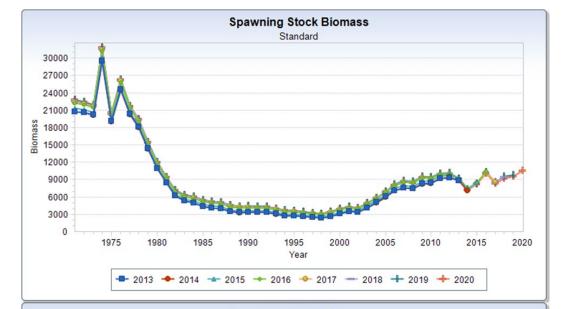


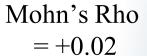


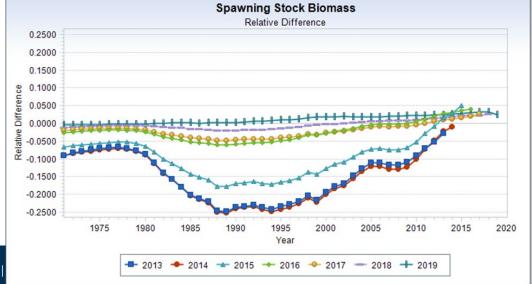




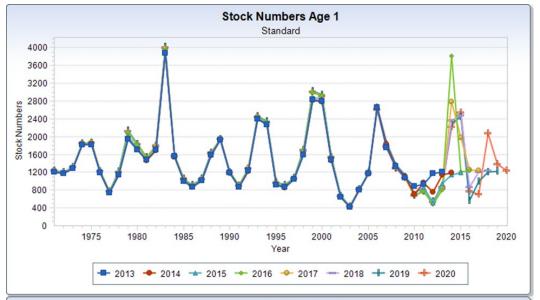




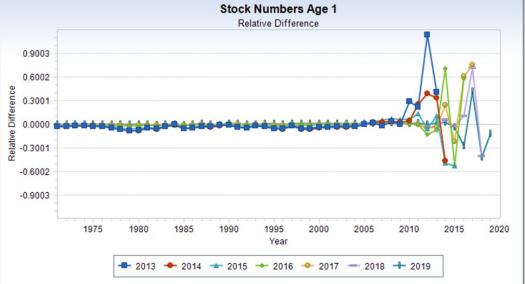




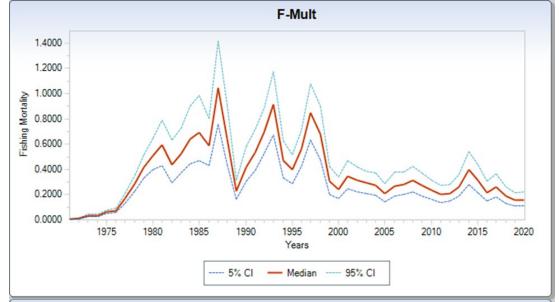


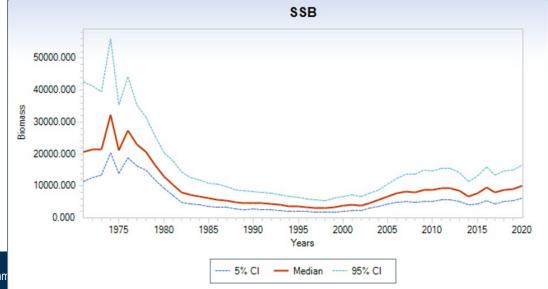


Mohn's Rho = +0.03

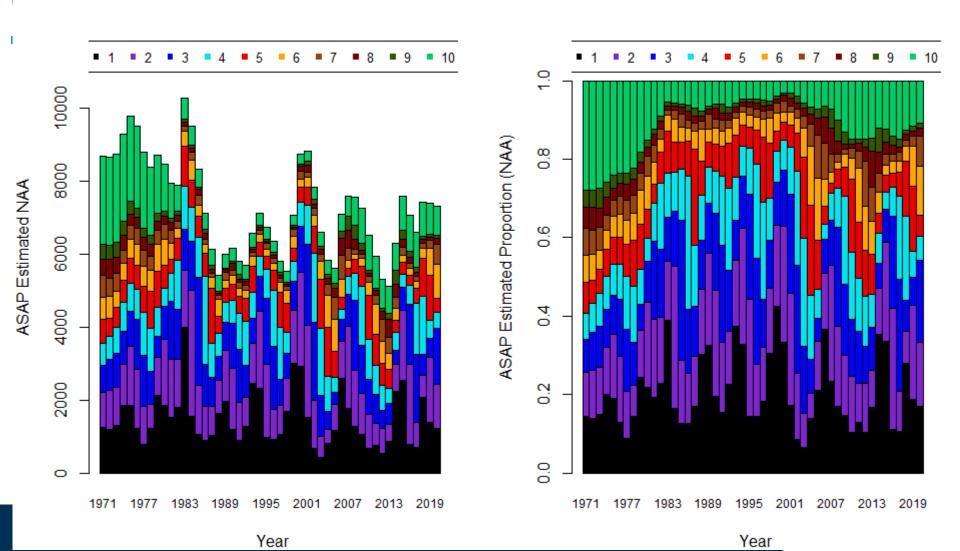


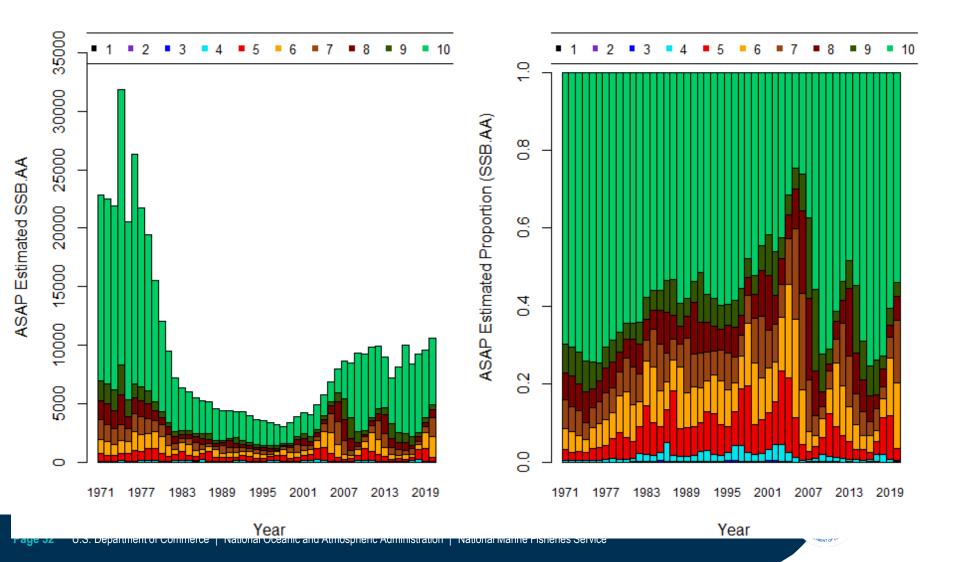


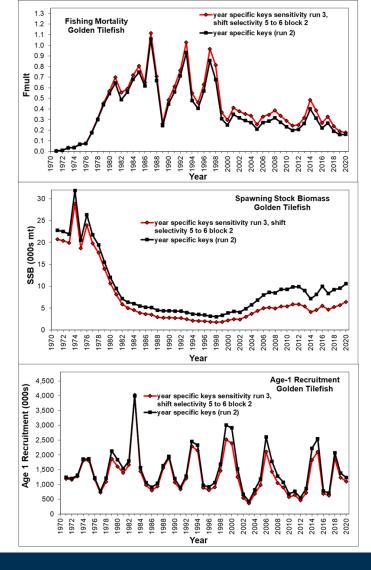




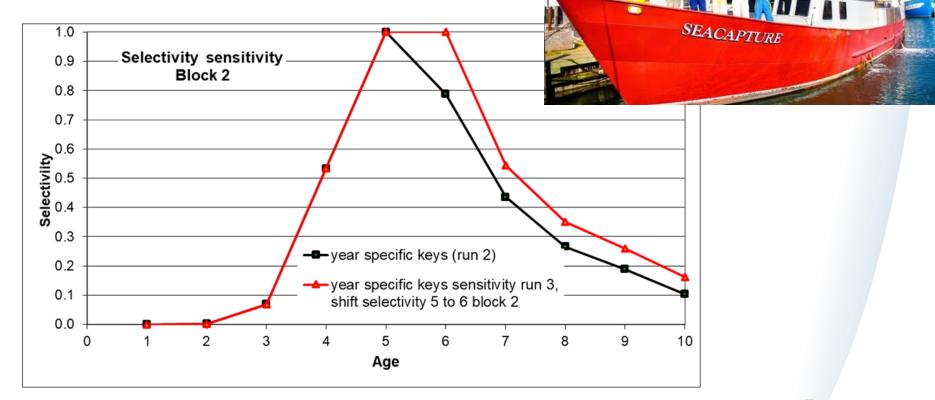






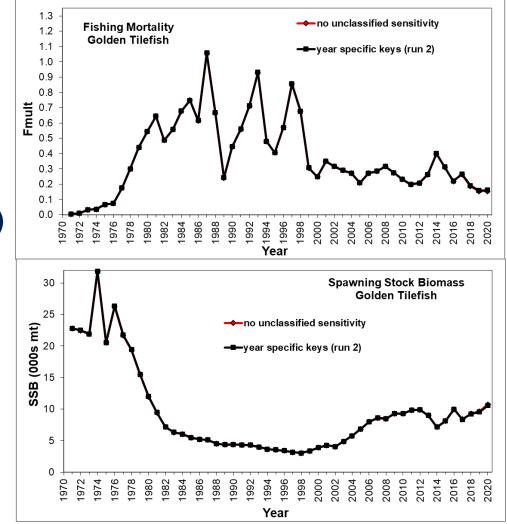




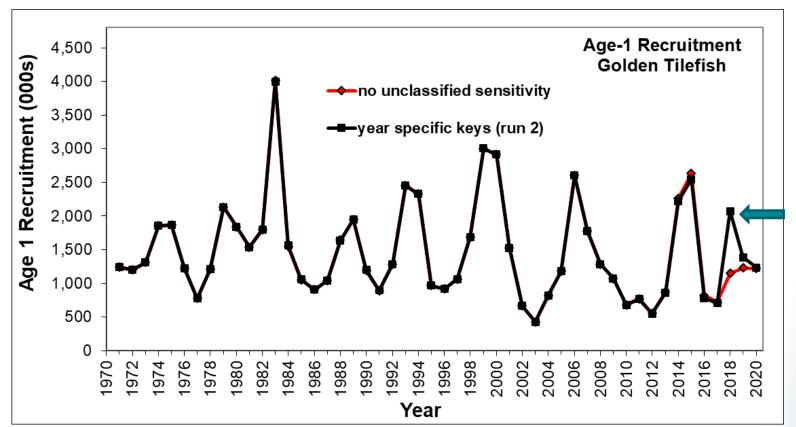




Extra Credit
Sensitivity
Run
(not in the report)







Bye-Bye 2017 yc



Final Run 2 Projection

Catch, Fishing Mortality (F), Spawning Stock Biomass (SSB), Probability of F>F_{MSY} and SSB<SSB_{MSY}/2

Catch and SSB in metric tons

	Total				
Year	Catch	F	SSB	$P(F>F_{MSY})$	$P(SSB \le SSB_{MSY}/2)$
2021	742	0.207	10,061	0.172	0.026
2022	1,011	0.261	10,491	-	0.015
2023	991	0.261	11,165	-	0.004
2024	949	0.261	11,586	-	0.001

$$MSY_{40\%} = 935 \text{ mt}$$

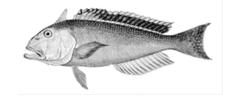


	Final	Extra Credit Sensitivity Run	
Year	Run 2	Unlassifieds not used	Difference
2021	742	742	0
2022	1,011	846	165
2023	991	862	129
2024	950	860	90
2025	930	875	55
2026	937	898	39
			478

2 unclassified samples = 16 fish sampled = 478 mt over 5 years

Projections based on the final run 2 appear to be highly uncertain given this sensitivity run.



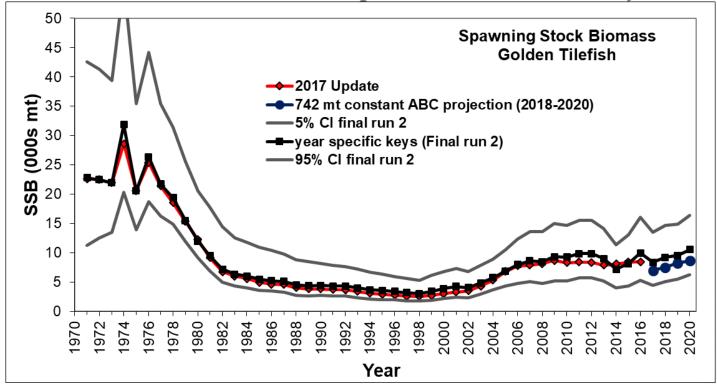


Reviewer Comments

- Given the results of the assessment update, it seems to be reasonable to change overfishing definition to F40%.
- Continuation of adequate age sampling is critical to the switch from the use of pooled age-length-key to year specific age-length-keys for more appropriate characterization of age structure and better tracking of year classes.
- There is a significant concern with reductions in the biological port sampling that may negatively affect future assessments, including the next RT assessment model in 2024.
- Due to the lack of information on incoming recruitment at the end of the time series (no fishery independent surveys that capture young fish), alternatives to the TAL calculations based on projections that rely on uncertain indications of year class strength should be considered. Conservative approach to changes in the TAL over time appear to have resulted in overall benefits for both the tilefish stock and for the fishery.



Final model estimates compared to 2017 Projections







Final model estimates compared to 2017 Projections

	Basis for Projectio	Compare				
Year	n	to	Projection	Estimate	Delta	Delta^2
2017	2017_PROJ	2021_MT	6,983	8,360	-1,377	1,895,881
2018	2017_PROJ	2021_MT	7,539	9,228	-1,689	2,852,991
2019	2017_PROJ	2021_MT	8,264	9,538	-1,274	1,624,019
2020	2017_PROJ	2021_MT	8,648	10,562	-1,914	3,663,779
		Average	7 850	0.422		

Average 7,859 9,422

Total sum of squares	10,036,670	
Number of years	4	
Variance	2,509,168	
Mean square Error	1,584	
Ave Projected SSB	7,859	
CV of Projected SSB	20%	

