

Black Sea Bass 2023 Specifications Review



SSC Meeting

July 26,2022

Overview



- Stock status
- Recent catch and landings
- Advisory Panel Fishery Performance Report
- Review 2023 ABC and consider if revisions needed
 - Staff recommend no changes

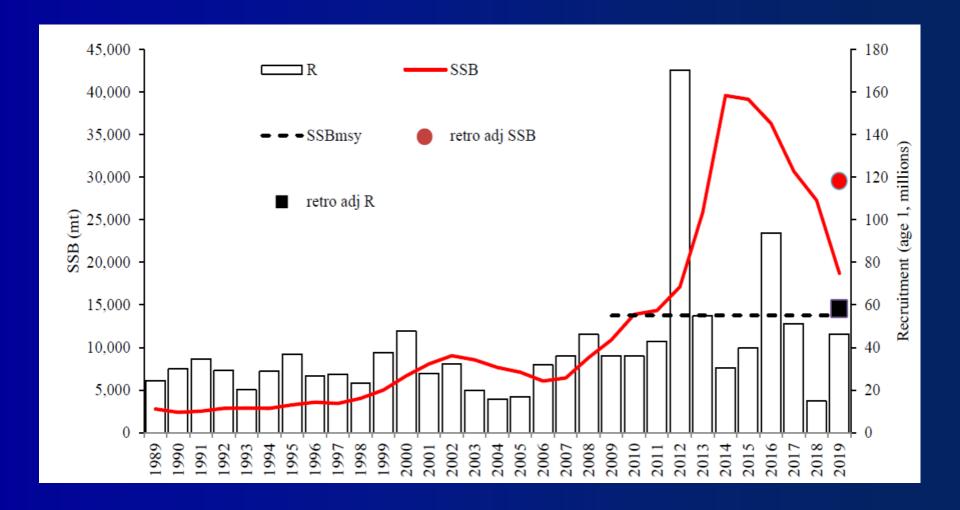
Stock Status

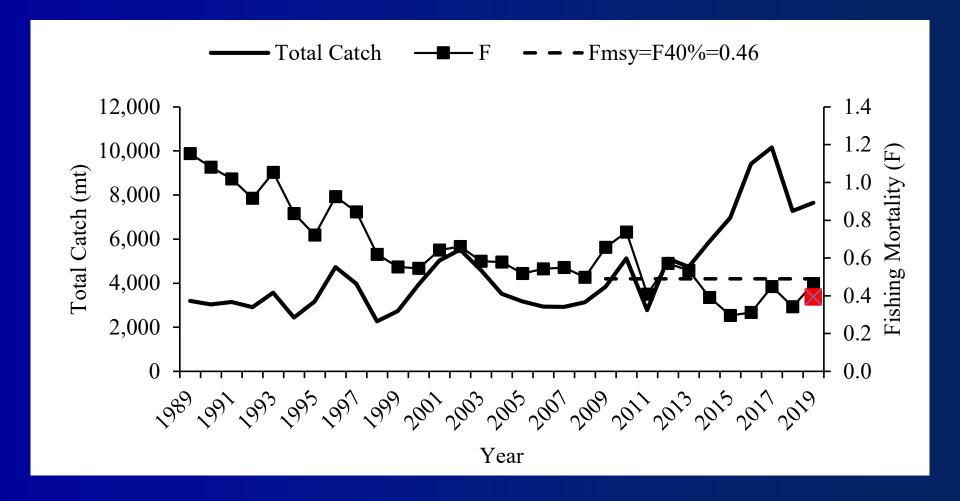


- Not overfished in 2019
- Overfishing not occurring in 2019

	SSB	F
Target	31.84 mil lb (14,441 mt)	N/A
Threshold	15.92 mil lb (7,221 mt)	0.46
Terminal year estimate (2019)	65.53 mil lb (29,769 mt) 2.1 times target level	0.39 15% below threshold level

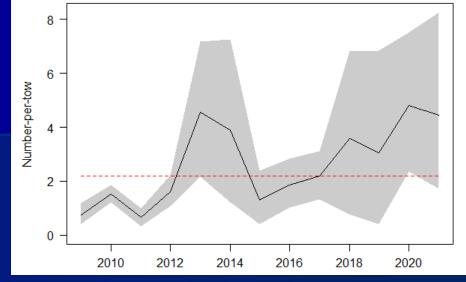
Terminal year estimates are adjusted for retrospective pattern in stock assessment.



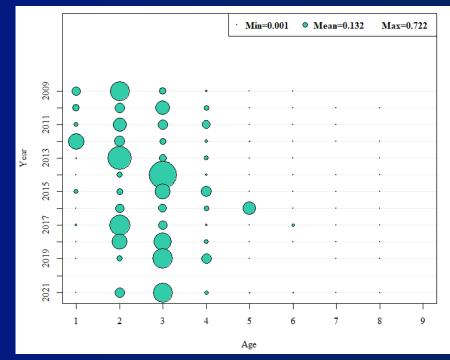


2022 Data Update

- NEFSC spring bottom trawl survey relative abundance has steadily increased since 2015.
 - 2020 index based on an incomplete survey.
- Aggregate index and/or age comps show above average 2011, 2015, 2016, and 2019 year classes.

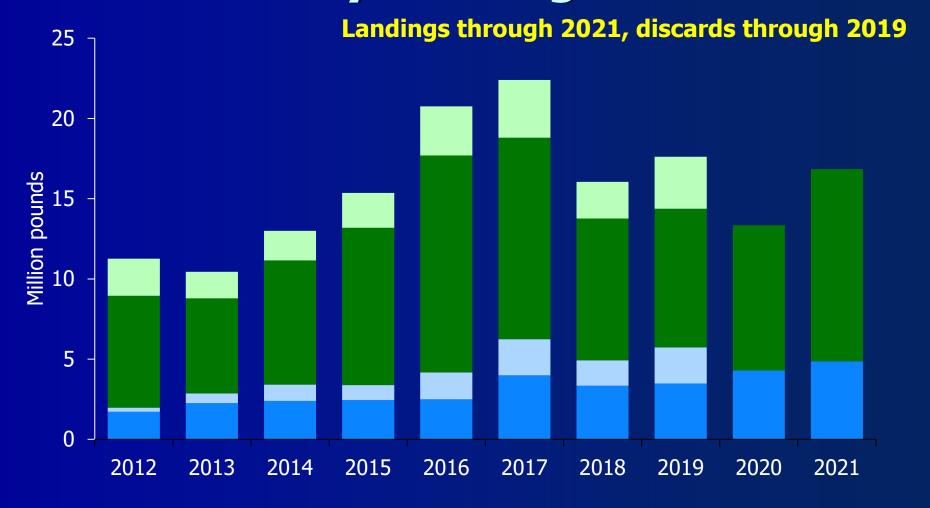


Stratified mean #/tow w/90% CI for 2009-2021, spring only.



Proportion at age, NEFSC spring survey, 2009-2021.

Recent Fishery Landings & Discards



- Recreational dead discards
- Commercial dead discards

- Recreational landings
- Commercial landings

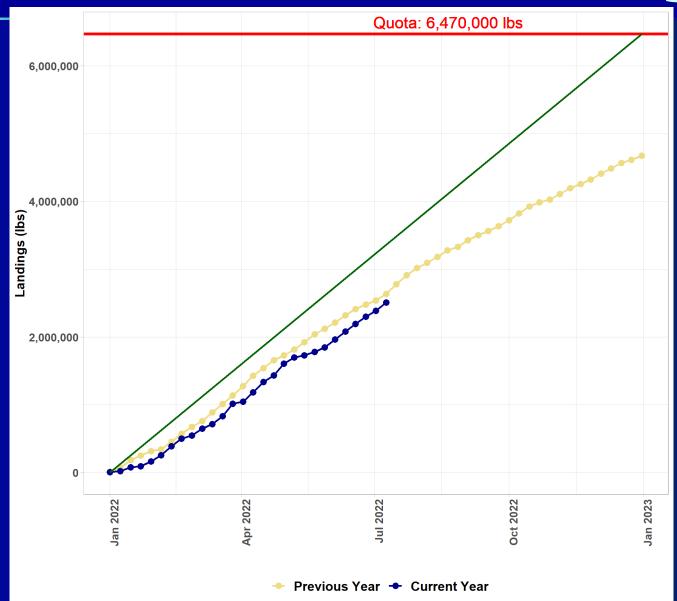
Recreational Fishery

Year	Rec. land. old MRIP	Rec. land. new MRIP	RHL	RHL overage/ underage	Rec. dead catch old MRIP	Rec. dead catch new MRIP	ACL	ACL overage/ underage
2016	5.19	13.52	2.82	+84%	6.40	16.59	3.52	+82%
2017	4.50	12.55	4.29	+5%	5.77	16.15	5.38	+7%
2018	3.82	8.84	3.66	+4%	4.92	11.12	4.59	+7%
2019	3.46	8.63	3.66	-5%	3.96	11.87	4.59	-14%
2020	NA	9.06	5.81	+56%	NA	TBD	8.09	TBD
2021	NA	11.98	6.34	+89%	NA	TBD	7.93	TBD

Commercial Fishery

Year	Com. landings	Com. quota	Quota overage/ underage	Com. dead catch	ACL	ACL overage/ underage
2016	2.50	2.71	-8%	4.17	3.15	+32%
2017	3.99	4.12	-3%	6.25	5.09	+23%
2018	3.34	3.52	-5%	4.93	4.35	+13%
2019	3.48	3.52	-1%	5.74	4.35	+32%
2020	4.29	5.58	-23%	TBD	6.98	TBD
2021	4.87	6.09	-20%	TBD	9.52	TBD

2022 Commercial Landings



- Much higher costs in 2022 (gas, bait, packing boxes, ice, equipment, etc.).
 - Biggest issue facing com. and rec. fisheries this year.
 - Struggling to pay crew.
 - Reduced private and for-hire rec. fishing effort.
 - For-hire businesses charging more per trip to cover costs.
 - For-hire clients taking fewer trips (cost of trip, gas, etc.).
 - Compounding effects of more restrictive rec. measures for scup and BSB in 2022.

- Life returning to "normal" with current state of COVID.
 - Less concern with social gatherings and indoor activities.
 - Reduced recreational fishing effort compared to past two years when fishing was viewed as a relatively lowrisk activity.
 - More gatherings may not mean greatly increased seafood demand given current state of economy.
- Imports negatively impact the market for UScaught fish.

- Concern that MRIP does not provide an estimate of total number of anglers in EEZ.
- Recommend electronic reporting to improve recreational data.
- Concern that Harvest Control Rule won't prevent overfishing and will negatively impact commercial sector.
- Consider com. min. trawl mesh size of 5" for all 3 species during Nov-April.
 - Another advisor supported but preferred 4" and a reduced com. minimum fish size for all 3 species.
 - One advisor opposed reduced min. fish size for scup.

- Environmental conditions
 - Outer Banks, NC may eventually wash away with sea level rise and storms.
 - Concern about impacts of chemicals, including disinfectants related to COVID.
 - Influence of environmental cycles on fish abundance and behavior should be evaluated.

Black Sea Bass

- Price in NY has not fully recovered from COVID, likely due to important role of restaurants.
- Recommendation for 7,500 lb federal waters trip limit to prevent large ITQ trips from negatively impacting price for all vessels.

Black Sea Bass

- Availability to rec. anglers remains very high.
- Reduced rec. effort, but those who are fishing are doing very well with black sea bass.
- Management will always struggle to constrain the rec. fishery when availability is so high. May see overages even with reduced effort this year.
- Fishery should be less restricted when biomass is high.

Black Sea Bass

- Reducing future harvest in response to past overages is counterproductive for abundant stocks. Will make them even more abundant.
 - (Note that AMs only require paybacks when biomass is <150% target.)
- Min. size limits increase harvest of male BSB, which should not be overly detrimental to the stock.
- With current high costs, for-hire vessels may not be able to stay in business with bag limits of 8 or lower and with reduced availability of summer flounder.
- Observation of a large (8-10 lb) female BSB. Can they transition from female to male and back to female?

Additional AP Email Comments

- Recreational restrictions in 2022 a "travesty."
- Concern about discard mortality with increased min. size implemented for 2022.
- Rec. fishermen have noted times when BSB are present, but won't bite hooks. Not sure why.
- Research recommendation: When, where, and age of spawning. Lockjaw related to spawning? Will distribution shift away from DE in future?

Previous SSC Recommendation

- 100% OFL CV.
- Projections assumed 2021 RHL overage, resulting in assumed ABC overage.
- Could only recommend varying 2022-2023 ABCs to keep p* below 0.5 in all years.
- Staff recommend no changes to 2023 ABC. Available info. suggests stock conditions have not notably changed.

Year	OFL		ABC		ABC	ABC	SSB		SSB/
	MT	Mil. lb	MT	Mil. lb	F	p*	MT	Mil. lb	SSB _{MSY}
2022	8,735	19.56	8,555	18.86	0.41	0.49	22,637	49.91	1.57
2023	7,716	17.01	7,557	16.66	0.41	0.49	19,538	43.07	1.35

Questions/Discussion



M. Eversmier